

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

And Their Annexation was the Subject of a Spirited

DEBATE BY THE REPUBLICAN CLUB

Last Evening—A Large Audience was on Hand and Enjoyed the Oratorical Contest—Mr. Atkinson and Mr. Cowden Opposed Annexation—Mr. Hart Favored It—The Decision.

Last night's meeting of the Ohio County Republican Club at its handsome parlors in the new Odd Fellows' building was a most successful and interesting one.

The most interesting feature of the occasion was the debate on the question which had been announced:

Resolved, That the United States should annex Hawaii.

The gentlemen named as the debaters were Messrs. Hart and Campbell and Atkinson and Cowden.

When President Hall called the meeting to order at 8 o'clock the large room was well filled with members and their friends who had become interested in the feature of the evening, the debate.

Mr. Charles Burdett Hart opened for the affirmative side of the question, and made an able and convincing talk.

He started out with an exposition of the principles of the Monroe doctrine, which, the speaker said, some people were under the impression would, if adhered to, prevent the annexation of Hawaii.

He showed that not by any construction placed on that famous state paper could annexation be objected to. The Monroe doctrine, he said, was a "Doctrine of hands off."

"There is nothing in its provisions to prevent our obtaining territory, or against other people's asking for union with us. Any antagonistic argument must of necessity be futile. The spirit of the Monroe doctrine favors such an opportunity as the present one to defend our Pacific coast possessions, an outpost and sentinel to guard the approach to the coming Nicaragua canal.

A part of such advantages should be placed under the protection of the American flag, and of the millions who inhabit this country, and the hundreds of millions who will come."

He touched on the constitutionality of proposed annexation of the islands. Such an able man as George Ticknor Curtis had advanced that opinion. Mr. Curtis' main ground of argument was that the islands are not contiguous to the United States.

The speaker spoke of the glorious acquisitions of territory made in the past by the Union, including the purchase of that immense territory of Louisiana in 1803 by President Jefferson, of Florida from Spain, and of the treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo in 1850, which gave to this country immense western possessions.

THE ALASKA PURCHASE. In controverting Mr. Curtis' stand, the speaker cited the purchase of Alaska, which is not contiguous to this country.

"Even young men remember the opposition that greeted the purchase of that vast barren waste for \$7,200,000, but is there an American today who wishes to see the American flag hauled down from Alaska? It may be said we only got a few seal islands, but the day is coming when the millions paid will come back a thousand fold.

For strategic value alone Alaska and the islands commanding the Northern Pacific are well worth all that was paid."

"There is nothing in our history, no precedent, however contracted, against the acquisition of any territory we think well to acquire. There is no written law nor anything in the constitution against it. We are free and untrammelled, and it remains only to consider whether we ought to acquire these islands."

Mr. George W. Atkinson followed Mr. Hart, speaking from the negative standpoint, and his was a brilliant and if not convincing, at least an interesting argument.

"There is an old adage," said Mr. Atkinson, "a trite one, that great minds differ on small questions as well as on great ones. It appears to be a fact that the great majority so far as heard from are in favor of the annexation of these little islands out in the Pacific. Nearly all the newspapers as well as the leading diplomats of the country favor annexation."

"About the only great and good man opposed to it, is the forty-five year old young man who misrepresents the First district in Congress; and it's about the only question this young man is right on."

PUBLIC CLAMOR. "There is a craze in favor of the annexation of these islands, and Mr. Lincoln, the greatest intellect this country ever produced, once said, 'A legislative body that yields to public clamor makes a mistake.'" James A. Garfield, that gifted man, in a speech at the Republican national convention in 1880, in a speech nominating John Sherman, but which nominated himself, said words to the same effect.

"So, Mr. Chairman, when this craze about these islands, about which my friend has spoken so eloquently, subsides and the people by their firesides look at the facts cool and calm, they will say it is a mistake, and that we don't need these islands and that their annexation would bring about difficulties and entanglements which would stay. I know very little about these islands until I was put on as a debater against their annexation, but I find that they stand out alone in the Pacific about 2,000 miles from San Francisco, with an area of nearly 68,000 miles, and a population of nearly 90,000 souls, of which 20,000 are Chinese, and of which my brother wants to make American citizens. I notice that we have a considerable trade with these islands, sending them products valued at \$4,750,000 and getting from them \$12,500,000 worth. We don't want to lose this valuable trade, and it will not be lost by a refusal to annex. The trade will go right on, whether or not we make American citizens and voters out of Chinamen, Portuguese, and make a state or province out of the late kingdom."

"The people have many good qualities, which I will not dwell upon. I want to observe here, however, that the natives are naturally weak and short-lived. There is also another difficulty which my brother says is small—that is that these islands contain leprosy, and is a leprosy country. Four of the twelve islands are not inhabited, and one is set apart as a leprosy colony, where there are 1,000 persons afflicted with this terrible disease. It may be that if annexation prevails, it will not be imported into the United States, but all people would say that a part of the United States contains leprosy."

"I will advance a few reasons in support of my position. My brother has mentioned the Monroe doctrine. The stand taken by our government has been not to interfere with the govern-

ments of other nations, and to allow no other nations to take possession of territory on western continents. This grew out of the recognition by this country of the South American republics. As my friend has said this does not prevent our getting territory by purchase or conquest, but this annexation would be a break in the policy which has prevailed for a hundred years of unexampled prosperity. This country will support a population of 600,000,000, hence this would be a break in our past policy."

"We ought not to interfere in the quarrels and broils now going on in Hawaii. I would impress on you that out of a population of 90,000, less than 5,000 are in revolt; these are the only ones who want annexation, and they are in it for the purposes of speculation and personal aggrandizement. It is un-American to interfere."

"I also want to say to my good brother that the United States is not in the real estate business. If the United States wants more land, more land or territory, let her go over the Canadian border, or down into Mexico, or we might bring Wetzol county into this glorious Union, or perhaps Webster county could be annexed. If territory is what is wanted, take contiguous territory. Go down on the Atlantic coast, where there is a number of islands of greater advantage to this country."

"The speaker ridiculed the idea of Hawaii as a sentinel guarding the proposed Nicaragua canal, and said the runs would have to be of long range to reach across the forty-five hundred miles between the two places."

"The acquisition would be a drawback in many ways. It would require all our army and navy to watch out for vessels of other powers anxious to wrest the island from our grip."

"There is nothing in the argument as to our large interests in the islands. They can be maintained without annexation. It is said Great Britain will take the islands if we do not. We don't intend to let them take them. Let the islanders continue to govern themselves."

"If we annex we must assume a debt of \$3,250,000. Do you want to pay it? If so vote for annexation. Then we must pay \$50,000 a year to the de-throned queen. Just think of that, \$150 a day. Why, you can employ the most accomplished lady in Wheeling for \$150 a month. Then again we must give \$100,000 to the little brown prince who has come over to see us. That's over \$1,000 a pound, and she isn't worth \$100,000 cents."

Mr. Atkinson's time limit having nearly expired, he went over other grounds, briefly including the argument that it is against the Monroe doctrine, unconstitutional, leprous, increase of navy and army, etc.

MR. HART'S REPLY. Mr. Hart then replied to the arguments of his opponent, his colleague, Mr. Alex. R. Campbell, not being present.

"I feel indebted to brother Atkinson to-night for the comic and revised edition of the 'Arabian Nights,' but of course I did not expect him to deal with facts." For the sake of the argument, presumably, he has misquoted that doctrine among the people. This might be all right, but in the absence of Mr. Monroe, who could not be present on account of circumstances over which he had no control, I have to challenge it, in the face of the written history, which I don't think it is necessary to again read.

"In twenty minutes it is not possible to reply to such a mass of inaccuracies as my friend has presented. He has told you of more spoons and demons than any book on demonology I ever read."

"What is the dominating element in the islands? Not Claus Spreckles. The dominating element is Anglo-Saxon, and, above all, American. The monarchy is the de facto government. What is the government to-day? The provisional government, to which there is no opposition except from the royal family. Mr. Atkinson talks about the 'little brown woman.' She couldn't get into one of her own sugar hosierys. The royal party is only after the best bargain it can make. If we are not in the real estate business, we are not in the business of restoring overturned monarchies."

"I do not claim the people are the most desirable, but in the main they are docile and tractable. There are not as many Chinese there as in the United States. Statehood would not necessarily follow annexation, as is seen in the case of Alaska. The leprosy colony would not become nearer San Francisco by reason of annexation."

The speaker referred to the map showing the circle of sentinel like British possessions that circle the globe, and menace us at many points. He contended we should not invite on the Pacific what we submit to on the Atlantic coast. He said England only wanted an opportunity to establish a protectorate or annex should this country not take advantage of the present opportunity. His opponent had said that Hawaii should be let alone, but the time for independent government there had passed, and if the United States does not annex, England will.

He quoted opinions of various noted public men, including Presidents Tyler, Fillmore and Johnson, and two of the most brilliant and brainiest secretaries of state this country has seen, Webster and Blaine. The importance in a strategic way of these islands has always been recognized."

Mr. Blaine's opinion expressed shortly before his death was as follows: "I consider the acquisition of these islands is of so great importance, that I cannot conceive of such a proffer being refused."

MR. COWDEN SPEAKS. Mr. Cowden, of the negative, then followed in a speech of twenty minutes that was "chuck full" of good points. He said Messrs. Hart and Atkinson had used up about all the points he had intended using, thus placing him at a disadvantage. He called attention to the facts that led to the commission from the provisional government being sent to Washington. Speaking of the inhabitants, he said just one in thirty of them are Anglo-Saxon. But in manufactures and commerce ninety-five per cent is in the hands of Americans. Contract labor, he said, predominated in the worst forms on the islands.

"Under the present tariff sugar comes into this country free. Under the old tariff all foreign sugars, except from Hawaii, paid duty. This gave the sugar planters of the islands a great advantage, which however was lost when the new tariff came into effect. By annexation the Hawaiian planters would come under the bounty act and benefit greatly. In fact the amount, at 2 cents a pound, would be \$4,000,000 a year, all profit. These planters inspired the revolution. It was Claus Spreckles who was at the bottom of it."

"If annexed under the provisions of the treaty of February 15, there would be objectionable features, one being the fact that the royal family is recognized and pensioned, which is distinctly un-American."

"Gladstone has said that England

does not want Hawaii, so there need be no fear on that score."

He said that a protectorate would be all that is necessary, and in line with our policy.

He said that if the annexation scheme went through with a territorial form of government the first time a political party need two more United States senators and was of the opinion Hawaii would "go their way." It would be brought into the union of states. This the speaker showed would be undesirable.

He said the annexation fever is raging and cooling and will soon pass by. Mr. Cowden was followed by Mr. Hart, who had five minutes to close. Nothing new was introduced, but he confined himself to an answer of Mr. Cowden's arguments.

The three judges, Messrs. Chapman, J. M. Jones and Joseph A. Paris, then filed out to come to a decision. They were out but about two minutes, and reported in favor of the affirmative. The decision was warmly received.

The meeting was a most successful one all around, and much interest in the club is being manifested. A large number of new members were admitted to membership last night. There are now nearly 600 members, and President J. K. Hall says he is out to reach the thousand mark.

WEST VIRGINIANS IN IT. A Phenomenally Rich Gold Mine in Canada—A Visit of Inspection.

Major D. E. Stalnaker has just returned from a most interesting excursion to Canada. About March 1 twenty-two people left Chicago to visit the Ophir gold mines in Canada. They were in charge of A. E. Humphries, of Charleston, president of the Ophir company.

From Chicago they went to Sault St. Marie, and crossing into Canada went fifty miles farther, and then took sleighs and drove twenty miles farther over bad roads and through a barren country.

In the party were Messrs. Frank Woodman and Capt. Bob Carr, of Charleston, Howard Donley and the two Messrs. Savage, Hon. A. B. White, of Parkersburg, G. E. Milligan, late of the same place, G. J. Atkins, of South Point, Ohio, and two or three others well known here.

It was found that the company had already laid bare the vein of gold bearing quartz for a distance of 530 feet. It is forty feet in depth, and has been shafted to a depth of 125 feet so far. There are in sight 250,000 or more tons of quartz, which at the lowest assay will all yield \$10 a ton, and average vastly more than that. Even at that low figure there is two million and a quarter dollars in sight.

The company owns 153 acres of land in fee, and above their mines is a lake, which gives them a tremendous water power. Most of the quartz has free gold in it in large quantities.

The company's capital stock is \$300,000, in shares of \$10 par value each. Just now these are offered at \$2 per share. At this rate 100,000 shares were put on the market, of which 70,000 have been taken. No more will be offered at \$2 after the 100,000 are sold.

All the visitors took stock to the greatest amount they were able. Even the mining experts invested their all. They said they had never seen anything like the Ophir mine.

The Elks' Benefit. The Elks hold their first rehearsal at the Opera House, last evening, for the coming benefit, April 6 and 7. The affair promises to be quite an event in musical circles. Besides the first part, which will be purely of a minstrel nature, there will be an excellent farce comedy by the best local talent. The show will conclude with a burlesque, chuck full of fine music and good specialties. To-night those taking part in the burlesque will rehearse at the Opera House.

To-morrow night the order will hold its first meeting in the new quarters in the L. O. O. F. hall. The new meeting room is one of the finest in the country, having been recently fitted up with handsome furniture, new carpets and magnificent chandeliers. The rooms will be thrown open to the public the same evening between 7 and 8 o'clock for inspection. All of the friends of the order are invited, and the ladies will be made especially welcome by the members, who are very proud of their new quarters.

NOTES ON NAVIGATION. Stage of Water and Movements of Boats. The Elver Interests.

The marks on the wharf show 9 foot 3 inches in the channel and slowly falling.

Yesterday's arrivals and departures were, H. K. Bedford, for Pittsburgh, 8 a. m., Hudson, for Pittsburgh, 9 a. m., Keystone State, for Cincinnati, 8 a. m., Courier, for Parkersburg, 11:30 a. m.

To-day the Lizzie Bay, for Charleston, 6 a. m., Scotia, for Pittsburgh, 9 a. m., Andes, for Cincinnati, 8 a. m., and Ben Hur, for Parkersburg, 11:30 a. m., will be the packets.

All of the big packets are running regularly and report heavy freight business.

Result of Servian Peasants. VIENNA, March 7.—A serious conflict has occurred between troops and peasantry at Gonashitza, Servia. The peasants appear to have risen against the authorities on account of political agitation, and troops were summoned to suppress the disorder. The peasants seized the municipal building and offered an obstinate resistance to the soldiers, who only succeeded after a desperate struggle in driving the peasantry from the building. Ten of the peasants were killed and seven wounded in the fight.

Great Triumph. Instant relief experienced and a permanent cure by the most speedy and greatest remedy in the world—Otto's Cure for throat and lung diseases. Why will you continue to irritate your throat and lungs with that terrible hacking cough, when Logan Drug Co., sole agent, will furnish you a free sample bottle of this great guaranteed remedy? Its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. Otto's Cure is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Samples free. Large bottles 50c.

Big Bargains in Umbrellas this week. I. G. DILLON & CO.

Rheumatism Quickly Cured. Three days is a very short time in which to cure a bad case of rheumatism, but it can be done if the proper treatment is adopted, as will be seen by the following from James Lambert, of New Brunswick, Ill.: "I was badly afflicted with rheumatism in the hips and legs, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It cured me in three days. I am all right to-day, and would insist on everyone who is afflicted with that terrible disease to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and get well at once." 50-cent bottles for sale by druggists. DAW

ATTEND our Bargain Sale of Umbrellas this week. I. G. DILLON & CO.

THE BASE BALL LEAGUE.

Radical Changes Made in the Game—The Meeting in New York.

New York, March 7.—At noon today the delegates to the spring meeting of the national league of base ball clubs assembled at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The schedule and proposed changes in the playing rules were the principal topics discussed. All the big guns were there. They include President Young, President Van Cott, of New York; Brush, of Cincinnati; the Wagners, of Washington; Von Der Horst, of Baltimore; Byrne, of Brooklyn; Anson and Hart, of Chicago; F. H. Delobinson, of Cleveland, and Sodon, of Boston. For the first time in the history of the league, it was to be an open meeting. The rules committee, composed of Messrs. Brush, Byrne and Von Der Dorst, which has held frequent conferences at the Hoffman House, reported in detail the substantial results of its actions as follows:

First—No enlargement of the infield now in use.

Second—Removal of the pitcher from his present position to the centre of the infield, abolishing the pitcher's box and substituting therefor a boundary plate covering a twelve-inch space, to which the pitcher shall be confined.

Third—Abolition of the flat bat.

Fourth—A lucid definition of a balk.

Fifth—A simplification of the rules pertaining to the actual playing of the game.

Sixth—The codifying of all rules applying to the duties, powers and responsibilities of the umpires.

Seventh—A rule governing official scorers, which provides that a player who makes a sacrifice hit which advances a base runner shall not be charged with time at bat.

The task of preparing a schedule was some time ago put upon President "Nick" Young, who announces that he "guesses he's got it fixed so as to satisfy every one." If the schedule goes through the championship season will begin April 27, with the eastern clubs playing in Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia and the western clubs in Louisville, Cincinnati and Cleveland. Each club will play about 132 games, which will bring the season to a close on September 15, or a month earlier than last year.

BUFFALO WANTS IT. A Desire to Have the Corbett-Mitchell Fight There.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 7.—A project is on foot to secure the Corbett-Mitchell fight for this city and a purse of about \$50,000 will be guaranteed by responsible parties. The scheme is to lease the Buffalo driving park and have the contest take place in the mammoth exposition building, which will accommodate perhaps twice the number of persons that would see the contest.

No Truth in It. PITTSBURGH, PA., March 7.—The officials of the Pennsylvania railway system west of Pittsburgh do not take any stock in the stories of the switchmen's strike spreading to this city. They say there is no cause for alarm, as their employes appear entirely satisfied and have evinced no desire to give any trouble. The switchmen also pronounced the report as without foundation.

President Manwell's Successor. EASTON, MASS., March 7.—Vice President Reinhard, of the Atchafalaya, Speaks & Santa Fe railroad, was to-day elected to succeed President Manwell, deceased.

A Cure for Pneumonia. Pneumonia and kindred affections of the lungs can be easily prevented and cured by using an absolutely pure stimulant such as is used and recommended by the best physicians. Your doctor will tell you that Klein's "Silver Age" or "Duquesne" Rye Whiskies are absolutely pure and the best stimulant in the world to fortify the system against the inclemency of the weather. Silver Age sells for \$1.50 per quart and Duquesne at \$1.25. Headquarters, MAX KLEIN, 82 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa. Send for complete catalogue, mailed free.

An \$8 Umbrella for \$3, at I. G. DILLON & Co's.

From Bad to Worse. A Complication of Diseases. Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures Strength Just in Time.

Mr. Isaac Aber of Vienna, N. J.

"I gladly testify to the following facts: I have been a very great sufferer for the last five years with troubles of the lungs and kidneys and the worst stage of Dyspepsia.

I could scarcely eat anything because of the intense pain in my stomach. I was also at one time covered with salt rheum, and my cough weakened me so that I could scarcely walk. I had several attacks of bleeding at the lungs. My breath became so short that I was unable to work and was obliged to give up my business, which is that of a mason. I could not even walk about much. So I kept going from bad to worse. I then had an attack of the shingles, which, with all my other complaints, confined me to my room for three months and

Nearly Took Away My Life. I had heard of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a good medicine, so I bought a bottle. When I had taken it, I found it had done me some good, so I continued till I had taken three bottles. I improved so rapidly that I could walk out of doors, and have steadily gained till I am at work again and use my hammer and trowel once

more. The physicians told me five years ago that I would not live three years, and all the neighbors think it a very strange thing to see me at work again. It is the strength given me by Hood's Sarsaparilla which enables me to do it."

ISAAC ABER, Vienna, Warren County, N. J.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache, &c.

NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED AT THE INTELLIGENCER JOB ROOMS



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

CARPET SWEEPERS. GRAND RAPIDS. CARPET SWEEPERS. Easy Running, Four Wheels, Rubber Furniture Protector.

Guaranteed the best Carpet Sweeper ever made.

Call and get a Nickel Plated Savings Bank

WHEELING TITLE AND TRUST CO'S. 1315 MARKET STREET.

BANK OF THE OHIO VALLEY. CAPITAL \$175,000.

WILLIAM JEFF... President. WILLIAM B. SIMPSON... Vice President. Drafts on England, Ireland, France and Germany.

DIRECTORS: William A. Tice, Morning Post; J. A. Miller, William B. Simpson; E. M. Atkinson, John R. Boyford; Henry Speyer, Victor Rosenberg; Jacob C. Thomas, F. P. JEFFERSON, Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK. CAPITAL \$200,000.

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Drafts issued on England, Ireland, Scotland and all points in Europe. JOHN J. JONES, Cashier.

PLUMBING ETC. THE ONLY—Supply House—IN THE STATE.

TRIMBLE & LUTZ, 1410 and 1418 Market St., Wheeling.

PLUMBING and GAS FITTING, STEAM and HOT WATER HEATING.

WILLIAM HARE & SON, Practical Plumbers, Gas & Steam Fitters, No 89 TWELFTH STREET.

All work done promptly at reasonable prices.

GEORGE HIBBERD & SON, PRACTICAL PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS, BRASS FOUNDERS.

Specialties—Natural Gas Supplies, Steam Heating and Ventilation. 217 1/2 MARKET ST., WHEELING, W. VA.

Special work promptly done at most reasonable prices.

WANTED.—A MAN WHO CAN both finish and prove tailors. Study well to good man. Address: CHAS. J. WILSON, 1115 Market Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

AGENTS.—SALARY AND COMMISSIONS. Best Practical Tailors. 1115 Market Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

WANTED.—RETAIL SALESMEN. Wanted one good clothing and one good furnishing goods salesman, at a window display. Only men who can make a sale. References and apply. Good salary will be paid to the right party. State where last employed and salary expected. Address: "SALESMEN," care this paper.

PUBLIC SALES. FOR SALE. MONDAY, MARCH 13. At 10 o'clock a. m., at Public Auction, 67th Street, between 10th and 11th Streets, the following household goods, including a new and elegant Household Furniture.

1016 MARKET STREET. Wheeling, W. Va.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS. WHEELING BRIDGE AND TERMINAL RAILWAY COMPANY. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wheeling Bridge and Terminal Railway Company will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Wheeling, W. Va., on

TUESDAY, MARCH 14, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing directors to serve for the ensuing year and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting. C. O. BREWSTER, President.

FOR RENT. FOR RENT—SOME OF THE BEST rooms in our new building, THE CITY BANK OF WHEELING, W. Va., on

RARE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY. Produce and commission store room, No. 204 Main Street, can be rented at \$25 per month. The good will of the business can be had gratis, also use of scales. Established thirteen years. This is an account of bad health of present owners. Possession April 1.

FOR RENT. Very complete upstairs dwelling, second floor, six rooms, bath and bath room, on Tenth Street. Also very complete barber shop, with bath, in basement, corner Tenth and State streets. All in new building never yet occupied. Immediate possession. Inquire of

JAMES L. HAWLEY, 1439 Main Street.

FOR SALE. 50 shares Wheeling Title and Trust Company. 10 shares Wheeling Title and Trust Company. 10 shares Potomac Insurance Company. 10 shares Union Valley Bank. 10 shares Ohio Valley Bank. 10 shares First National Bank of Wheeling. 10 shares Wheeling Pottery Company. 10 shares Wheeling Pottery Company. 10 shares Wheeling Pottery Company. 10 shares Wheeling Pottery Company.

FOR SALE. Two-story frame dwelling, second floor, six rooms, bath and bath room, on Tenth Street. Also very complete barber shop, with bath, in basement, corner Tenth and State streets. All in new building never yet occupied. Immediate possession. Inquire of

JAMES L. HAWLEY, 1439 Main Street.

FOR SALE. A FEW CHOICE LOTS AT EDGINGTON. Cheap and on Easy Terms.

W. V. HOGE, 106 Pitt Bank Building, 100 Market Street.

A NEW HOUSE. Ready for occupancy April 1, will be sold for less than cost. Erie Street, East Side, Island.

PERFECTLY SAFE AND DESIRABLE. 6 PER CENT INVESTMENTS.

SIMPSON & HAZLETT, Room No. 1, Craigie Block, 1418 Market Street.

REAL ESTATE. FOR SALE. The six-roomed modern dwelling at No. 6 Zauo street, very centrally located on street car line, \$1,250.

Seven-roomed dwelling with full lot at 4 Maryland Street. This property is in fine condition and will make a splendid home, and it took over 50 feet of water to reach it.

Five-roomed house, 204 Main Street, for \$1,000. Eight-roomed dwelling on Fifteenth Street, good investment.

Five-roomed (almost new) house on Vermont Street. Many other improved properties. BUILDING LOTS.

If you contemplate building soon, we have lots in all parts of the city, at prices well below the cost of the lots in Ohio county for country residences.

For list—Dwellings for April 1. See ad in Register. G. O. SMITH, 1239 Market Street.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC. OIL CLOTHS. IN GREAT VARIETY AND ALL WIDTHS.

LOUIS BERTSCHY'S, 1116 Main Street.